Leveraging Course Evaluations to Empower Students and Improve Teaching

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Guiding Questions

- Does our current system reflect missed opportunities?
 - In the way it is used (or perceived)
 - by the university: increasing reliance and importance placed on form for making decisions regarding: tenure, contract renewal, salary, etc.
 - by the faculty
 - by the students:
 - Lack of knowledge regarding the use/importance of the form
 - Lack of trust in anonymity (particularly with the online form)

What are other methods to obtain student feedback during the course to empower student voices and improve teaching?

Addressing Needed Changes in Student Evaluation of Teaching (SET) Form

- Effective Teaching Committee is tasked with reviewing the SET form and making revision recommendations to Faculty Senate, as well as reviewing existing faculty evaluation policies and recommending improvements in evaluation of effective teaching
- To accomplish SET revision, committee spent five years researching best practices regarding course evaluations and teaching effectiveness, to revise current form, while working with:
 - Stearns Center for Teaching & Faculty Excellence
 - Provost's Office
 - Office of Institutional Research & Reporting
 - College Deans & Directors
 - Faculty Evaluation Committees
 - Student Senate
 - Faculty and students



Policy Recommendations -

How to Utilize the SET to empower students and improve teaching

- The Effective Teaching Committee made a series of recommendations to the Faculty Senate in April 2019.
 - At the university level
 - At the program
 - At the instructor level

Policy Recommendations – Faculty Evaluation at Mason							
INSTITUTIONAL/UNIVERSITY LEVEL	PROGRAM & COLLEGE LEVEL	INSTRUCTOR LEVEL					
1. Administer Course Evaluation Forms in class to retain or enhance response rates	8. Primary purpose of faculty evaluation (and of the Course Evaluation Form), should be formative , i.e., the improvement of teaching effectiveness	12. Educate students on the importance, purposes, and uses of the Course Evaluation Form					
2. Establish strategies to increase response rates for Course Evaluation Forms administered online	9. Educate students on the uses of the Course Evaluation Form	13. In face-to-face courses, use class time to allow students to complete the Course Evaluation Form					
3. Engage in education of the faculty on how to communicate uses of the Course Evaluation Form to students	10. Secondary purpose accountability, using multiple measures for this process, including peer review	14. Conduct multiple informal, mid- semester, anonymous, course evaluations					
4. Engage in the education of students on how the results from Course Evaluation Forms are used in the faculty evaluation process	11. Educate instructors on migration from paper to online Course Evaluation Forms						
5. Provide increased accessibility of data to course instructors							
6. Ensure that all buildings allow for Internet access during the period designated for students to complete the Course Evaluation Forms							
7. OIRE collaborate with faculty to conduct research on how results of Course Evaluation Forms are used to evaluate faculty and improve teaching							

Policy Recommendations -

Instructor Level

- Course instructors should educate students on the importance, purposes, and uses of the Course Evaluation
- Course instructors of face-to-face courses should use class time to allow students to complete the Course Evaluation Form
- Course instructors conduct multiple informal, midsemester, anonymous, course evaluations

Formative vs. Summative Assessment

	Formative	Summative				
Purpose	to monitor and guide a process while it is still in progress	to judge the success of a process at its completion				
Time of Assessment	during the process	at the end of the process				
	improve and change a process while it is still going on	judge the overall success of a process; to generate a grade/evaluation				
when & why administered from: Airasian, P. W., & Russell, M. K. (2008). Classroom assessment: Concepts and applications (6 th ed.). Boston, MA: McGrawHill. (p. 124)						

What does effective feedback on your teaching sound like?



"Praise keeps you in the game; real feedback helps you get better. Feedback tells you what you did or did not do and enables you to selfadjust" (Wiggins, 1998, p. 46).



Feedback should be directed at the work/teaching, not the teacher.

But, it's important to remember that "Giving feedback does not cause improvement. Acting on it does." (Chappuis, 2015, p. 94)

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Format	s for Ga	athering	Feedback					
questionnaires (usually open-ended)								
The purpose of this feedback form is to gather input so that I can improve this course and how it is taught and therefore help you improve your learning. I am the only one looking at your responses, and I will report back to you on the feedback I receive.								
•	1. What aspects of this course are helpful to your learning? In other words, what contributes most to your learning?							
	 What specific suggestions do you have for changes that I can make to improve the course or how it is taught? Is the pace of the course: too fast just right too slow 							
•								
from: https://www.cmu.edu/teaching/assessment/ assessteaching/early-course-feedback.html								

si	urveys							
	HOW IS THE PACE OF THE COURSE FOR YOU?		TOO SLOW 1	2	FINE 3	4	TOO FAST 5	
	How is the course's level of challenge for you?		Too easy 1	2	Fine 3	4	Too hard 5	
	Do the lectures help you better understand the material?		No 1	2	Some 3	4	A lot 5	
	Do the assignments help you better understand the material?		No 1	2	Some 3	4	A lot 5	
	Do the discussions help you better understand the material?		No 1	2	Some 3	4	A lot 5	
	Is the text useful to your understanding of the course material?		No 1	2	Some 3	4	A lot 5	
	Does our class group work help you better understand the mat	erial?	No 1	2	Some 3	4	A lot 5	
	Do the online resources for this class help you better understar material?	nd the	No 1	2	Some 3	4	A lot 5	
		student	https://stea -engagemen nent-techniq	t-cla	assroon			edge-center/ classroom-





After students have provided feedback...

- As you review students' feedback, stay focused on potentially constructive changes.
 - Consider categorizing students' responses into groups such as strengths, ideas for change, & issues beyond my control
- Don't forget that you need to share and discuss the feedback with your students.
 - You don't have to share everything—instead focus on the major ideas that were present in students' feedback.
 - Try to balance the positive feedback you report with areas where you may plan to make changes based on their feedback.
 - Explain your thinking behind changes you might propose or reasons why there may be changes you cannot make.
 - Keep the tone positive.

• Consider involving students in efforts to make adjustments in your

teaching or the course based "*Giving* [or receiving] feedback does not cause improvement. *Acting* on it does" (Chappuis, 2015, p. 94)



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